

Provisioning charges haunt NBP

<p>National Bank of Pakistan's first half CY13 result provides enough credence to the sector's reluctance to lend aggressively. NBP, amongst the country's top-five Banks, is only one with an ADR in excess of 50 percent. The state owned bank is, in effect, the only one among the top five with advances in absolute terms higher than investment. Hence, it is ended up paying the price in the form of a massive hike in provisioning against advances. The 30 percent year-on-year drop in earnings was a result of a massive 122 percent hike in provision charges against advances. Being a state owned lender, NBP has historically had higher ADR than its peers; but 300 bps downward revision in discount rate during the period yielded little top line growth. The 21 percent growth</p>	<p><u>NBP key Indicators</u></p>		<p><u>National Bank of Pakistan (Consolidated P&L)</u></p>				
		IHCY 13	IHCY 12	(Rs mn)	1HCY13	1HCY 12	chg
	Infection Ratio	14%	16%	Marked up Earned	50,113	50,532	-1%
	Coverage Ratio	85%	74%	Marked up expenses	29,586	28,993	2%
	Spread Ratio	41%	43%	Net markup income	20,527	21,538	-5%
	Capital Ratio	11%	12%	Provisioning/(Reversal)	7,438	3,349	122%
	IDR	35%	32%	Net markup income after provisions	13,089	18,190	-28%
	ADR	57%	61%	Non markup interest income	14,127	11,776	20%
	CASA	58%	61%	Operating Revenues	27,216	29,965	-9%
	ROA	0.5%	0.8%	Non markup /interest Expenses	18,253	16,378	11%
	5%	7%	Profit before Taxation	8,963	13,587	-34%	
<p><u>Source : Company /Accounts</u></p>			Taxation	2,047	3,752	-45%	
in deposit over last year was healthier than the peer, and was evenly parked in advances and government papers higher interest paid on average deposits meant lower	<p>Spreads, squeezing the net interest income. NBP continues to have the lowest CASA ratio among Peers banks as saving deposits continue to grow briskly hurting the Nil</p>		Profit after Taxation	6,916	9,835	-30%	
			EPS(Rs.)	3.25	4.62		
			<p><u>Source: Company Accounts</u></p>				
			<p>The biggest bolt on the bank's P&L was provision on advances which was more than doubled over last year. Even a heavy reliance on non-mark-up income from free commission income could not halt the free fall in earning in earning drop as non-interest expenses hiked considerably to mitigate the good work done on the non-mark-up</p>	<p>Income front. Going forward, an expected reversal in monetary cycle could turn fortune for NBP given its reliance on advances as earning assets. The NPLs too have stayed flat in comparison to the last year and aggressive provisioning this time around could yield better results in near future</p>			